

APPENDIX E

GRAPHIC REPORT FORMATS

Intelligence personnel use a variety of formats to request, report, and disseminate information (see FM 34-3). Personnel working in a joint environment should use JCS Pub 6-04.11. The formats assimilate information into automated intelligence support systems, such as the ASAS.

This appendix concentrates on graphic report formats, specifically the graphic INTSUM and the graphic intelligence estimate. The INTSUM is the main focus, but a graphic intelligence estimate is also provided.

GRAPHIC INTELLIGENCE SUMMARY

The graphic INTSUM is used by units at all echelons to rapidly convey threat situation dynamics. The graphic INTSUM is a current depiction of significant threat dispositions, activities, strengths, and weaknesses and an assessment of the most probable ECOA. A current, complete graphic INTSUM will provide for efficient collection and enable the commander to exploit fleeting threat vulnerabilities.

The graphic INTSUM can be maintained on conventional maps of any scale as an overlay or created electronically and disseminated to computer and television screens. For example, army-level organizations may utilize a 1:250,000 map scale and focus on an army or front-level threat, whereas in SASO activities the deployed unit may utilize a map scale of 1:25,000 or smaller and focus on a platoon or company-size threat.

The graphic INTSUM (Figure E-1) may contain 12 components:

- Legend and margin information.
- Area orientation.
- Threat unit locations and mission activities.
- Threat mission capabilities assessment.
- Threat boundaries and front-line trace.
- Threat objectives.
- Threat air activity.
- Threat weaknesses and vulnerabilities.
- Threat strengths and capabilities.
- Threat intentions assessment.

FM 34-8-2

- Friendly commander's intent and PIR.
- Predicted future threat activity.

LEGEND AND MARGIN INFORMATION:

Components include—

- Overall classification of the INTSUM, posted top and bottom, to include a "Classified By" line and declassification instructions.
- Title.
- Issuing headquarters.
- "As Of" DTG. Use either local or Zulu time; this is critical since predicted threat activity will be depicted based upon the "As Of" DTG plus a given number of hours.
- Map reference, to include scale, and at least two coordinate registration marks.
- A symbology key can be added for increased clarity and must be included if symbols used are not in FM 101-5-1.
- SASO symbology is not standardized, but there are several symbol methodologies that have been developed. (See MIPB Jan-Mar 94, p 35.)

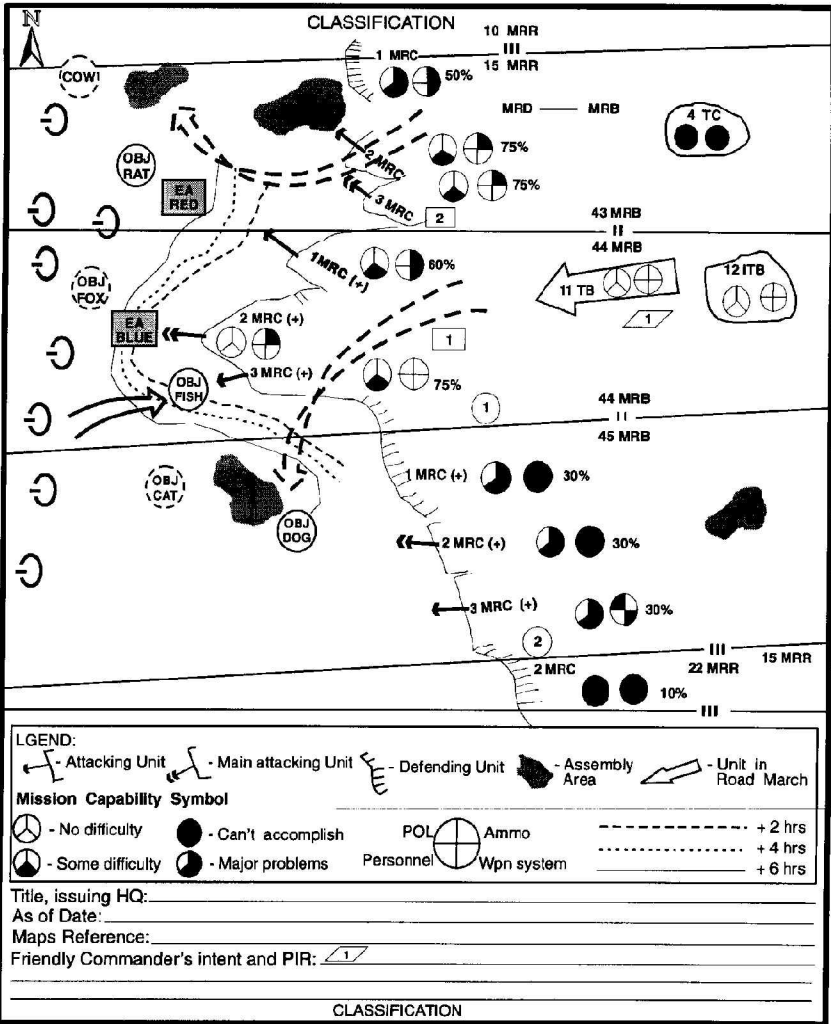


Figure E-1. Graphic INTSUM.

